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- (54) Ester derivatives of dimethylpropionic acid and pharmaceutical compositions containing them
- (57) The present invention relates to esters of 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid having the general formula (I)

$$X' \xrightarrow{V}_{W} Y \xrightarrow{N}_{Z} Y \xrightarrow{O} CH_{3} CH_{3}$$
 (I)

or pharmacological acceptable salts thereof, as well as to pharmaceutical compositions containing said compounds and having an inhibitory activity of elastase.

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#### Description

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[0001] The present invention relates to new esters of 2,2-dimethylpropionic acids, to the use thereof as agents having an inhibitory activity of elastase and to pharmaceutical compositions containing these compounds or a pharmaceutically cceptable salt thereof.

More particularly, the object of the invention consists in compounds of general formula (I),

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, where

x and x' represent a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group in C1-C4, an halogen atom or a group nitro;

y and y' represent a hydrogen atom, a group alkyl in C1-C4, a group alkoxy in C1-C4, an halogen atom or a group dialkyl(C1-C4)amino;

z represents a hydrogen atom, a dialkyl(C1-C4)aminoalkyl(C1-C4) group or a piperidinyl-alkyl(C1-C4) group; and v and w represent a carbon atom bound to a hydrogen atom (CH) or a nitrogen atom substituted or not.

More particularly, in the above formula (I), the definition of the substituents may be the following:

x and/or x' represent the group methyl or nitro, or a chlorine atom;

y and/or y' represent the group methyl, methoxy, nitro or diethylamino, or a chlorine, a bromine or a fluorine atom; and

z represents a group dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diisopropylaminoethyl or piperidinyl-ethyl. In these compounds of formula (I), v or w may represent a nitrogen atom substituted by a group methyl, ethyl, benzyl, piperidinyl-ethyl, piperidinyl-propyl, bis(fluorophenyl)methyl-piperazinyl-ethyl or bis(fluorophenyl)methyl-piperazinylpropyl.

- [0002] Some specific examples of the compounds of the present invention, without setting a limit to it, are the followings:
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-ethoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2,6-dimethoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-chloro-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzoimidazol-2-yl)-2-nitro-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-nitro-6-methoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-chloro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-chloro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-methyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-methyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5,6-dimethyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxyphenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-nitro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-nitro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-2-nitrophenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester.
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 2-bromo-4-[1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-dimethylaminopropyl)-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester, dihydrogen oxalate
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-diisopropylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester.
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5,6-dichloro-1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl) 1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5,6-dimethyl-3-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 2-fluoro-4-[1-(2-piperidin-1-yl ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

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- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5-chloro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4,6-dichloro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-chloro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(-5-chloro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5-diethylaminophenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5,6-dimethyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-methyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5,6-dimethyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-diethylaminophenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methyl-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 5-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-nitro-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-chloro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5,6-dimethyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-nitro-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-methyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester.
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-ethyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester, hydrogen oxalate
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-benzyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(2-piperidin-1-yl ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl] phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(2-piperidin-1-yl propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c] pyridin-2-dihydrogen oxalate yl]phenyl ester
  - $2,2-dimethylpropionic\ acid\ 4-[5-(3-\{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl\}-ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyrid-in-2-yl]-phenyl-ester$
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]py-ridin-2-yl]-phenyl ester
  - 2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-[(1 -H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2.2-dimethyl-propionyloxy]-phenyl ester
- [0003] The new compounds can be obtained with usual known methods, which are already described in the literature, for the esterification of phenolic derivatives, with 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid or its corresponding acid chloride or anhydride. In that way, a compound with general formula (II)

where x, x', y, y', z, v and w are as defined above, is reacted with 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid or its acid chloride or its anhydride to afford a compound with general formula (I).

The methods used for esterification of the general formula (II) compounds, with 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid derivatives can be those described for example in EP patents 0 649 846 or 0 347 168.

More generally, the following methods used to obtain the intermediate compounds with general formula (II) can be mentioned:

- Haugwitz, R.D.; Maurer, B.V.; Jacobs, G.A.; Marayanan, V.L; J.Med.Chem., (1979), Vol. 22, No. 9, 1113.
- Yildir, I.; Uzbay, T.; Noyanalpan, N.; *J.Fac. Pharm. Gazi*, vol. 7, No.2,111-24 (1990). Perginer, H.; Abbasoglu, U.; Noyanalpan, N.; J.Fac. Pharm. Gazi, vol. 7, No. 2,125-40 (1990).
- Kumazawa, T.; Harakawa, H.; Fukui, H. et al.; Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett. Vol. 5, No. 16, 1829-32 (1995).
- Ohalapathy, C.V.; Veeranagaiah, V.; Kondal, K.; Subba Rao, N.V., Indian J. of Chem., vol. 17B, June 1979, 566-8. Ueda, M.; Sato, M.; Mochizuki, A.; *Macromolecules*, (1985), vol. 18,2723-6.
- Sluka, J.; Novak, J.; Budesinsky, Z.; Coll. Czeck. Chem. Comun., vol. 41,3628-34 (1976).

[0004] The pharmacologically acceptable salts produced by addition of acids to the compounds with general formula (I) are prepared in the conventional way, that is through addition to a free base (I) solution or suspension, of one or two equivalents of a pharmacologically acceptable organic or inorganic acid. Examples of acids are: hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, phosphoric, acetic, citric, oxalic, malonic, salycilic, malic, lactic, *p*-toluensulphonic, gluconic, fumaric, succinic, ascorbic, maleic, methanesulphonic and benzenesulphonic. The salts afforded by addition of acids can be advantageous, due to some of their physical properties just as high solubility in polar solvents like, for example, water. This would facilitate preparations which include the product administration dissolved in water.

The compounds (I) of the present patent can be used as pharmaceutical agents having an inhibitory activity of elastase, and therefore be administered either solely, or more generally mixed with a pharmacological coadjuvant, chosen in agreement with the administration way and the standard pharmacological practice. For example, they can be administered by oral via in form of either tablets which contain excipients, just as starch or lactose, or capsules, solely or mixed with excipients, or sirups or suspensions which contain colorant or aromatic agents. Also, they can be injected by parenteral via, for example, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneously. In the parenteral administration, they can be used preferably in the form of sterile aqueous solution, which can contain another solutes, for example, glucose or any salt, in order to make the solution isotonic.

[0005] The pharmacological compositions will be able to contain a quantity of some of the compounds with general formula (I), so that the dose level administrated is comprised between 0,001 and 10 mg/kg. The active principle quantity in each dose form will be comprised approximately between 0.05 and 1 mg or between 0.1 and 99% by weight of the preparation, preferably between 2 and 50% by weight for oral preparations. The active substance dose per day depends on the administration form. In general, between 50 and 100mg/day are administered by oral via. While the intramuscular administration can be provided in a single dose or divided in up to 3 doses, the intravenous administration can include a dropper for its dosification in continuous. Necessarily, there will be variations which would depend on the weight and subject conditions to be treated and the particular administration via.

[0006] The following examples illustrate the present invention without setting limits to it:

### Example 1

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester

[0007]

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Initially, 35 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 20 g (0.095 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) benzimidazole in 115 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath. Then, 11.47 g (0.095 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were dropwise added. Once the adition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 4 additional hours. Finally, 100 mL of ethyl eter were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the remaining liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 250 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ . Then, after evaporating the solvent under reduced pressure, the product was isolated as a white solid with m.p. 308-10°C (recrystallized in ethanol) with a yield of 85 %.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	73.45	6.16	9.52
Found	73.34	6.37	9.31

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-ethoxy-phenyl ester

#### [8000]

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[0009] Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.039 mol) of 2-(3-ethoxy-4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 47 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.74 g (0.039 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 7 hours. At the end, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 180-1°C (recrystallized in ethanol) with a yield of 52%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	70.99	6.55	8.28
Found	70.69	6.61	8.07

#### Example 3

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2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2,6-dimethoxy-phenyl ester

### [0010]

H-C CH<sub>3</sub>

[0011] Initially, 7 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 5 g (0.018 mol) of 2-(3,5-dimethoxy-4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 23 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an icewater bath, and next, 2.23 g (0.018 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was com-

pleted, the resultant mixture was stirred at about  $O^{\circ}C$  for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 6 hours. Finally, 40 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 243-5 °C (recrystallized in methanol) with a yield of 45%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	67.78	6.26	7.90	
Found	67.48	6.39	7.72	

#### Example 4

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-chloro-phenyl ester

### [0012]

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[0013] Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 8.76 g (0.036 mol) of 2-(3-chloro-4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.32 g (0.036 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes, and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After that, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 206-8°C (recrystallized in methanol) with a yield of 74%, with 1/2 methanol molecule.

Quantitative Analysis . Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> .1/2CH <sub>4</sub> O			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	64.44	5.55	8.12
Found	64.35	6.20	7.97

#### Example 5

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzoimidazol-2-yl)-2-nitro-phenyl ester

### [0014]

**[0015]** Initially, 12 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 8 g (0.031 mol) of 2-(3-nitro-4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 40 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath.

Then, 3.78 g (0.031 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O °C for 30 minutes, and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. After that, 70 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 185-7 °C (recrystallized in methanol) with a yield of 65%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	63.71	5.05	12.38
Found	63.69	5.28	12.24

### Example 6

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-nitro-6-methoxy-phenyl ester

### [0016]

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[0017] Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.035 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy-5-methoxy-3-nitrophenyl)benzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.23 g (0.035 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 8 hours. Finally, 45 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the remaining liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 200 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 190-2°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 50%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>5</sub>				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	61.78	5.18	11.38	
Found	62.02	5.51	11.04	

### Example 7

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-Chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

#### [0018]

[0019] Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 8.76 g (0,036 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-chlorobenzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.32 g (0.036 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant

mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. After such a time, 75 mL of ethyl eter were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the remaining liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 247-9°C (recrystallized in ethanol) with a yield of 69%.

Quantitative Analysis : Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	65.75	5.21	8.52	
Found	66.04	5.04	8.43	

### Example 8

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-Chloro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester

### [0020]

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[0021] Initially, 15 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.036 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-5-chlorobenzimidazole in 50 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2CI_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 2.43 g (0.020 mol) of trimethylacetyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 125 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. = 197-9°C (recristallized in methanol) with a yield of 71%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	63.60	5.34	7.81
Found	63.58	5.43	7.80

### Example 9

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

#### [0022]

[0023] Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 8.54 g (0.036 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-5,6-dimethylbenzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> using external cooling with an ice-

water bath, and next, 4.32 g (0.036 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 8 hours. After that, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 231-3 °C (recrystallized in ethanol/water) with a yield of 59%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	74.51	6.88	8.69
Found	74.26	7.35	8.62

### Example 10

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

### [0024]

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[0025] Initially, 16 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise top a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.045 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-methylbenzimidazole in 55 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 5.38 g (0.045 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and, then, at room temperature for 14 hours. Finally, 100 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 125 mL). The organic phase were dried over anhydrous  $H_2O_4$ , the solvent removed under reduced pressure and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 235-7°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate with a yield of 55 %),

Quantitative Analysis : Calculated for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>20</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	74.00	6.54	9.08	
Found	74.32	6.61	9.19	

### Example 11

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-methyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester

#### [0026]

[0027] Initially, 15 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.039 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylbenzimidazole in 50 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice water

bath. Then, 4.74 g (0.024 mol) of trimethylacetyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, teh mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and, next, at room temperature for 4 hours. At the end, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). The organic phase was dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure and the product obtained as a solid with m.p. 186-8°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 59%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	70.99	6.55	8.28
Found	70.98	6.61	8.02

### Example 12

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5,6-dimethyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxyphenyl ester

### [0028]

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$$H_3C$$
 $N$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

[0029] Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.037 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dimethylbenzimidazole in 50 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2CI_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.49 g (0.037 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes, and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. = 177-9°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 70%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>24</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	71.57	6.86	7.95	
Found	71.03	7.10	7.69	

#### Example 13

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-nitro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

### [0030]

O<sub>2</sub>N CH<sub>3</sub>

[0031] Initially, 0,5 g (0.004 mol) of 4-dimethylaminopyridine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10.21 g

(0.04 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 60 mL of anhydrous CHCl<sub>3</sub>, using external cooling with an icewater bath, and next, 7.45 g (0.04 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl anhydride. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours. After such a time, about 40 ml of the solvent were evaporated under reduced pressure, and the resultant mixture was cooled at -10°C overnight. Then, the crystallized product was separated by filtration, yielding a solid with m.p. 198-200°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 33%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>					
%C %H %N					
Calculated	63.71	5.05	12.38		
Found	63.19	5.23	12.20		

#### Example 14

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-nitro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-2-nitrophenyl ester

### [0032]

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[0033] Initially, 11 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.03 mol) of 2- (4-hydroxy-5-methoxy-3-nitrophenyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 38 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2CI_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 3.65 g (0.03 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. Then, 40 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 175 mL). Finally, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 243-5°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 49%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>7</sub>					
%C %H %N					
Calculated	55.07	4.38	13.52		
Found	55.08	4.39	13.24		

### Example 15

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester. (MAH-1)

#### [0034]

[0035] To a stirred solution of the 4-[1-(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenol (0.5 g, 1.78 mmol) and NaOH (0.36 g, 8.89 mmol) in dry  $CH_2CI_2$  (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.32 g, 2.67 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then  $H_2O$  (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $CH_2CI_2$  (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel ,eluting with EtOAc/acetone (5/1) to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from diethyl ether, and had a melting point of 107-109 °C. Yield: 86%

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>27</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> (365.48 g/mol)				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	72.30	7.45	11.50	
Found	72.49	7.50	11.20	

## Example 16

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 2-Bromo-4-[1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester. (MAH-4)

### [0036]

[0037] To a stirred solution of the 2-bromo-4-[1-(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenol (0.65 g, 1.78 mmol) and NaOH (0.36 g, 8.89 mmol) in dry  $\rm CH_2Cl_2$  (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.32 g, 2.67 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then  $\rm H_2O$  (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $\rm CH_2Cl_2$  (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over  $\rm Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel , using as eluent EtOAc/acetone (5/1) to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from hexane, giving a melting point of 117-118 °C. Yield: 75%.

$\underline{\textbf{Quantitative Analysis}}: \textbf{Calculated for C}_{23}\textbf{H}_{29}\textbf{N}_{3}\textbf{O}_{2} \text{ (379.50 g/mol):}$			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	59.46	5.90	9.46
Found	59.08	5.78	9.86

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1 -(2-dimethylaminopropyl)-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester, dihydrogen oxalate. (MAH-2)

[0038]

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H<sub>2</sub>C-NH 2HC<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

CH<sub>3</sub>

2HC<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

[0039] To a stirred solution of the 4-[1-(2-dimethylamino-propyl)-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenol (0.52 g, 1.78 mmol) and NaOH (0.36 g, 8.89 mmol) in dry  $\rm CH_2Cl_2$  (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.32 g, 2.67 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then  $\rm H_2O$  (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $\rm CH_2Cl_2$  (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over  $\rm Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel , eluting with acetone to give a colourless oil, which was isolated as oxalate. The salt was recristallyzed from EtOH, giving a melting point of 157-159 °C. Yield: 54%

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>33</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>10</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O (577.59 g/mol):				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	56.14	6.11	7.27	
Found	56.50	6.02	7.25	

# Example 18

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-diisopropylaminoethyl)-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester. (MAH-3)

# [0040]

[0041] To a stirred solution of the 4-[1-(2-diisopropylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenol (0.6 g, 1.78 mmol) and NaOH (0.36 g, 8.89 mmol) in dry  $CH_2Cl_2$  (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.32 g, 2.67 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then  $H_2O$  (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, using as eluent hexane/EtOAc (7/3) to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from hexane, giving a melting point of 143-144 °C.

Yield: 70%.

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Quantitative Analysis : Calculated for C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>35</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> (421.58 g/mol)				
	%C	%H	%N	
Calculated	74.07	8.37	9.97	
Found	73.67	8.28	10.31	

### Example 19

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5,6-dichloro-1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl) 1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester. (MAH-7)

### [0042]

CI N O CH

[0043] To a stirred solution of the 4-[5,6-dichloro-3-(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenol (1g, 2.8 mmol) and NaOH ( 0.57 g, 14.2 mmol) in dry  $CH_2Cl_2$  (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.67 g, 5.67 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then  $H_2O$  (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel , eluting with EtOAc to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from hexane, giving a melting point of 140-141 °C. Yield: 59%.

Quantitative Analysis : Calculated for C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>25</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> (434.37 g/mol)				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	60.83	5.80	9.67	
Found	60.55	6.14	9.63	

#### Example 20

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5,6-dimethyl-3-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester. (MAH-8)

### [0044]

 $H_3C$  N O  $CH_3$   $CH_3$ 

[0045] To a stirred solution of the 4-[5,6-dimethyl-3-(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenol (1.2 g, 3.4

mmol) and NaOH (1.17 g, 17.2 mmol) in dry  $CH_2CI_2$  (100 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.82 g, 6.86 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then  $H_2O$  (150 mL) was added. The organic layer was separeted and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $CH_2CI_2$  (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel , eluting with EtOAc to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from hexane, giving a melting point of 144-145 °C. Yield: 74%.

Quantitative Analysis : Calculated for C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>35</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> (433.59 g/mol):				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	74.79	8.14	9.69	
Found	74.86	8.43	9.48	

#### Example 21

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 2-fluoro-4-[1-(2-piperidin-1-yl ethyl)-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester. (MAH-10)

### [0046]

N CH<sub>3</sub>
CH<sub>3</sub>

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[0047] To a stirred solution of the 4-[3-(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]-2-fluorophenol (1.4 g, 4.15 mmol) and NaOH (0.82 g, 20.7 mmol) in dry  $\rm CH_2Cl_2$  (100 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (1.0 g, 8.29 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then  $\rm H_2O$  (150 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $\rm CH_2Cl_2$  (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over  $\rm Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated under reduce pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, eluting with EtOAc to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from hexane, giving a melting point of 147-148 °C. Yield: 68%.

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Quantitative Analysis : Calculated for C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>30</sub> FN <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> (423.53 g/mol):				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	70.90	7.14	9.92	
Found	70.76	7.18	9.98	

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

#### [0048]

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[0049] Initially, 18 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.048 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 60 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2CI_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath. Then, 5.73 g (0.048 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. At the end, 100 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 150 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ . Finally, after evaporating the solvent under reduced pressure, the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 147-9°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 73%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	73.45	6.16	9.52
Found	73.72	6.30	9.44

### Example 23

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester

# [0050]

N N H O O H<sub>3</sub>C CH

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[0051] Initially, 376.2 g (4.76 mol) of pyridine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 116.4 g (0.48 mol) of 2-(3-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 750 mL of anhydrous acetone, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 573.5 g (4.76 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. At the end, the reaction mixture was poured into water-ice (1.5 L), and the resulting solution was made alkaline with  $K_2CO_3$ . Finally, the precipitate was filtered and washed with  $H_2O$ , until liquids appear neutral. In this way, the product was obtained as a solid with m.p.189-91°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 71%

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> CIN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>					
%C %H %N					
Calculated	65.75	5.21	8.52		
Found	65.71	5.28	8.31		

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5-chloro-phenyl ester

#### [0052]

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20 CH<sub>3</sub>
O CH<sub>3</sub>
O CH<sub>3</sub>

[0053] Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.041 mol) of 2-(4-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 47 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.93 g (0.041 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resulting mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and, then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 45 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 147-9°C (recrystallized in diisopropyl ether) with a yield of 56 %.

$\underline{\textbf{Quantitative Analysis}}: \textbf{Calculated for C}_{18}\textbf{H}_{17}, \textbf{CIN}_2\textbf{O}_2$				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	65.75	5.21	8.52	
Found	65.84	5.29	8.51	

### Example 25

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4,6-dichloro-phenyl ester

# [0054]

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N N N H<sub>3</sub>C H<sub>3</sub>C CH<sub>5</sub>

Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.036 mol) of 2-(3,5-dichloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath. Then, 4.32 g (0.036 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the adition was completed, the mixture was

stirred at O°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 11 hours more. After that, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ . Finally, after evaporating the solvent under reduced pressure, the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 220-2°C (recrystallized in ethanol) with a yield of 67 %.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>16</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	59.52	4.44	7.71
Found	59.86	4.67	7.98

#### Example 26

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-phenyl ester

### [0055]

 $\begin{array}{c} N \\ N \\ H_3C \\ H_3C \\ CH_3 \end{array}$ 

[0056] Initially, 15 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.042 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 51 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 5.02 g (0.042 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. Then, 45 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 158- 60°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 82%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>20</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	70.35	6.21	8.64
Found	70.74	6.28	8.62

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

#### [0057]

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CI N N H<sub>3</sub>C CH<sub>3</sub>

[0058] Initially, 12 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 8 g (0.033 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5-chlorobenzimidazole in 40 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 3.94 g (0.033 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O °C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. Finally, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 178-80 °C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 49%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> CIN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	65.75	5.21	8.52
Found	65.52	5.42	8.46

### Example 28

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(-5-chloro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5-diethylaminophenyl ester

#### [0059]

CI N CH<sub>3</sub>

N CH<sub>3</sub>

H<sub>3</sub>C CH<sub>3</sub>

[0060] Initially, 6 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 4.5 g (0.014 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxy-4-diethylamino)-5-chlorobenzimidazole in 30 mL of anhydrous  $\mathrm{CH_2Cl_2}$ , using external cooling with an icewater bath, and next, 1.89 g (0.016 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture were stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. Then, 20 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the filtered liquid was washed with  $\mathrm{H_2O}$  (2 x 50 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $\mathrm{Na_2SO_4}$ , the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 194-6°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 66%.

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Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>26</sub> CIN <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	66.07	6.55	10.51
Found	66.12	6.67	10.39

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5,6-dimethyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

#### [0061]

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[0062] Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 8.71 g (0.037 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5,6-dimethylbenzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.4 g (0.037 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resulting mixture was stirred for about 0°C for 30 minutes, and then, at room temperature for 5 hours. After that, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 200 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 132-4°C (recrystallized in diisopropyl ether) with a yield of 65 %.

$\underline{\textbf{Quantitative Analysis}}: \textbf{Calculated for } \textbf{C}_{20}\textbf{H}_{22}\textbf{N}_2\textbf{O}_2$			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	74.51	6.88	8.69
Found	74.81	7.24	8.69

### Example 30

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-methyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester

# [0063]

[0064] Initially, 15 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 7 g (0.027 mol) of 2-(3-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-5-methylbenzimidazole in 50 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.49 g (0.037 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 50 mL

of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered and the remaining liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 162-4°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 59%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> CIN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	66.57	5.59	8.17
Found	66.52	5.67	8.13

#### Example 31

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5,6-dimethyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-diethylaminophenyl ester

### [0065]

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[0066] Initially, 7.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of  $4.15 \, \mathrm{g}$  (0.013 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxy-4-diethylaminophenyl)-5,6-dimethylbenzimidazole in 25 mL of anhydrous  $\mathrm{CH_2Cl_2}$ , using external cooling with an icewater bath, and then, 2.43 g (0.020 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 25 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with  $\mathrm{H_2O}$  (2 x 50 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $\mathrm{Na_2SO_4}$ , the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. = 160-2°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 61 %.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>31</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	%C	%Н	%N
Calculated	73.25	7.94	10.68
Found	73.24	7.63	11.21

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester

### [0067]

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[0068] Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.039 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 50 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 7.09 g (0.059 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes, and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. = 156-8°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 49%.

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Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>			
%C %H %N			
Calculated	63.71	5.05	12.38
Found	63.81	5.21	12.55

#### Example 33

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester

## [0069]

O<sub>2</sub>N CH<sub>3</sub> CH<sub>3</sub> CH<sub>3</sub>

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[0070] Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 11 g (0.038 mol) of 2-(3-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 47 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2CI_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.6 g (0.038 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. Then, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the remaining liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 248-50 °C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 71%.

$\underline{\textbf{Quantitative Analysis}} : \textbf{Calculated for C}_{18}\textbf{H}_{16}\textbf{CIN}_3\textbf{O}_4$			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	57.84	4.31	11.24

### (continued)

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>16</sub> ClN <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>				
%C %H %N				
Found	57.87	4.35	11.08	

#### Example 34

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methyl-phenyl ester

### [0071]

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[0072] Initially, 9 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 6.5 g (0.024 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxy-3-methyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 30 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 2.91 g (0.024 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. At the end, 30 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the remaining liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product isolated as a solid with m.p. 198-200°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 35%.

 Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

 %C
 %H
 %N

 Calculated
 64.58
 5.42
 11.89

 Found
 64.76
 5.46
 11.86

# Example 35

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 5-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester

## [0073]

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H,C CH,

[0074] Initially, 17.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.048 mol) of 2-(3-hydrox-yphenyl)benzimidazole in 60 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 5.74 g (0.048 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred

at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 14 hours. At the end, 100 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 125 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 243-5°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 41%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	73.45	6.16	9.52
Found	73.80	6.51	9.39

#### Example 36

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-phenyl ester

### [0075]

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[0076] Initially, 15 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.042 mol) of 2-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 50 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 5.02 g (0.042 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. Then, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). Finally, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 202-4°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 88%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>20</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	70.35	6.21	8.64
Found	70.28	6.38	8.29

### Example 37

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-nitro-phenyl ester

#### [0077]

50 H<sub>3</sub>C CH<sub>3</sub> CH

[0078] Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.039 mol) of 2-(5-hydroxy-2-nitro)benzimidazole in 50 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.72 g (0.039 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. Finally, 100 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 200 ml). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 163-5°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 89%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	63.71	5.05	12.38
Found	63.91	5.03	12.36

### Example 38

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-chloro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

### [0079]

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[0080] Initially, 13,5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 6 g (0.025 mol) of 2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-5-chlorobenzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2CI_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.44 g (0.037 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes, and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 45 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $H_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. = 185-7°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 32%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	65.75	5.21	8.52
Found	65.58	5.07	8.44

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

#### [0081]

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[0082] Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 8.71 g (0.037 mol) of 2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-5,6-dimethylbenzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous  $\rm CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an icewater bath, and next, 4.4 g (0.037 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 8 hours. Finally, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $\rm H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $\rm Na_2SO_4$ , the sovent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 231-3°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 28%.

$\underline{\textbf{Quantitative Analysis}}\text{: Calculated for } \textbf{C}_{20}\textbf{H}_{22}\textbf{N}_2\textbf{O}_2$			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	74.51	6.88	8.69
Found	74.81	6.85	8.54

### Example 40

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

### [0083]

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$$O_2N$$
 $N$ 
 $H$ 
 $O_2N$ 
 $O_2$ 

[0084] Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.039 mol) of 2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 47 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.72 g (0.039 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After that, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 201-3 °C (recrystallized in methanol) with a yield of 82%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	63.71	5.05	12.38
Found	64.00	5.12	12.28

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-nitro-phenyl ester

#### [0085]

O<sub>2</sub>N O<sub>2</sub>N O<sub>2</sub>N O<sub>2</sub>N

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[0086] Initially, 7 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 6 g (0.02 mol) of 2-(5-hydroxy-2-nitrophenyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 25 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2CI_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 2.41 g (0.02 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 208-10°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 36%.

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Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>6</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	56.25	4.20	14.58
Found	56.42	4.17	14.53

### Example 42

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester

#### [0087]

O CH<sub>3</sub>
CH<sub>3</sub>

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[0088] Initially, 18 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.047 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-blpyridine in 60 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 5.71 g (0.047 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. After such a time, 60 mL

of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 275-7°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 39%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	%C	% H	%N
Calculated	69.14	5.80	14.23
Found	69.49	5.79	14.16

#### Example 43

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester

#### [0089]

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$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ &$$

[0090] Initially, 16.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.041 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine in 55 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.99 g (0.041 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and, the, at room temperature for 12 hours. After that, 55 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the remainig liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product obtained as a solid with m.p. 255-7°C (recrystallized in methanol) with a yield of 38 %.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	66.45	5.89	12.92	
Found	66.63	6.00	12.91	

### Example 44

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester

# [0091]

N CH<sub>3</sub>
CH<sub>3</sub>

[0092] Initially, 18 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.047 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-blpyridine in 60 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 5.71 g (0.047 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. Finally, 60 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered and the remaining liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml) The organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product isolated as a solid with m.p. 162-4°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 81%.

$\underline{\textbf{Quantitative Analysis}}\text{: Calculated for } \textbf{C}_{17}\textbf{H}_{17}\textbf{N}_3\textbf{O}_2$				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	69.14	5.80	14.23	
Found	69.29	5.85	14.17	

### Example 45

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester

# [0093]

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[0094] Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 8 g (0.038 mol) of 2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine in 48 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.57 g (0.038 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 9 hours. At the end, 48 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 200 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $H_2SO_4$ , the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 204-6°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 57%.

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Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	69.14	5.80	14.23	
Found	69.54	5.82	14.40	

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### Example 46

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester

## [0095]

[0096] Initially, 10.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 6 g (0.028 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-c]pyridine in 35 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2CI_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 3.43 g (0.028 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was complete, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O °C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 12 hours. At the end, 60 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 240-2 °C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 60%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>				
%C %H %N				
Calculated	69.14	5.80	14.23	
Found	68.65	6.18	13.87	

### Example 47

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester

#### [0097]

[0098] Initially, 15 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 6 g (0.025 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-c]pyridine in 50 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2CI_2$ , using external cooling with an icewater bath, and then, 4.49 g (0.037 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered and the remaining liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 215-7°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 59%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	66.45	5.89	12.92
Found	66.12	5.86	12.55

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester

#### [0099]

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N O CH<sub>3</sub>C CH<sub>3</sub>

[0100] Initially, 12.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 7 g (0.033 mol) of 2-(3-hydrox-yphenyl)imidazo[4,5-clpyridine in 41 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 3.99 g (0.033 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 8 hours. Then, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the remaining liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 ml). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 246-8°C (recrystallized in diisopropyl ether) with a yield of 69%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	69.14	5.80	14.23
Found	68.97	5.87	14.78

### Example 49

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-methyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester. (MAH-5)

### [0101]

H<sub>3</sub>C-N N O CH<sub>3</sub>

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**[0102]** To a stirred solution of the 2,2-dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-imidazo[4,5-c]piridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester in acetone (20 ml) was added methyl iodide (5 ml). The mixture was stirred to reflux 18 h. Then the solvent was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the product was triturated and filtrated with EtOAc. The solid was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, eluting with  $CH_2CI_2$  / MeOH (10/1) to give a white solid, with a melting point of 208-209 °C. Yield: 80%.

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Quantitative Analysis Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> (309.37 g/mol):			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	69.88	6.19	13.58
Found	69.57	5.98	13.26

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-ethyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester, hydrogen oxalate. (MAH-9)

#### [0103]

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$$H_3C$$
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $O$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $HC_2O_4$ 

[0104] To a stirred solution of the 5-ethyl-2-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]piridin-5-ium bromide (0.80 g, 2.2 mmol) and NaOH (0.44 g, 10.9 mmol) in dry  $CH_2Cl_2$  (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.52 g, 4.4 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then  $H_2O$  (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, eluting with  $CH_2Cl_2$  / MeOH (20/1) to give an oil, which was isolated as oxalate. The salt was recrystallized from EtOH, giving a melting point of 198-199 °C.Yield: 62%

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>23</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>6</sub> (413.43 g/mol):			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	61.01	5.61	10.16
Found	60.89	5.56	10.32

### Example 51

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-benzyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)phenyl ester. (MAH-6)

### [0105]

[0106] To a stirred solution of the 2,2-dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-imidazo[4,5-c]piridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester in acetone (20 ml) was added methyl iodide (5 ml). The mixture was stirred to reflux 18 h. Then, the solvent was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the product was triturated and filtrated with EtOAc. The solid was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, eluting with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/ MeOH (10/1) to give a white solid, with a melting point of 227-228 °C. Yield: 80%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for (	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>23</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> (3	385.47 g/mol):
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated:	74.78	6.01	10.90
Found:	74.59	6.09	10.96

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(2-piperidin-1-yl ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl] phenyl ester. (MAH-11)

#### [0107]

[0108] To a stirred solution of the 5-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl)-2-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]piridin-5-ium bromide (2.0 g, 6.2 mmol) and NaOH (1.25 g, 30.9 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (1.52 g, 12.4 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, eluting with acetone / MeOH (10/1) to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from Et<sub>2</sub>O, giving a melting point of 207-208 °C.Yield: 36%

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>30</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub> (406.53 g/mol):			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	70.91	7.44	13.78
Found	70.65	7.42	13.97

# Example 53

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2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(2-piperidin-1-yl propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl] phenyl ester, dihydrogen oxalate. (MAH-12)

### [0109]

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & H_{\downarrow} \\
 & N_{\downarrow} \\$$

[0110] 4-(imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)phenol (0.5 g, 2.36 mmol) and 1-(3-iodopropyl)piperidine (0.9 g, 3.55 mol) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN at reflux was stirred for 24 h. Then the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. To a stirred solution of the residue and NaOH (0.47 g, 11.8 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.28 g, 4.72 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 24 h and then H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, eluting with acetone / MeOH (10/1) to give a colourless oil, which was isolated as oxalate. The salt was recrystallized from EtOH, giving a melting point of 189-190 °C. Yield: 19%

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for	C <sub>29</sub> H <sub>36</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>10</sub> (60	0.63 g/mol) :
	%H	%C	%N
Calculated	6.04	57.99	9.33
Found:	5.78	57.72	9.58

[0111] As examples 54 and 55 are more elaborated, and not simply obtained from the phenolic precursor, the full synthesis is described for both compounds.

### Example 54

2, 2-dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[Bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl-ester (12).

### [0112]

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F N N N CH<sub>3</sub>C CH<sub>3</sub>

1) 4-(3H-lmidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenol **(3)**(Scheme 1). To equivalent amounts (500mg, 4.58 mmol) of 3,4-di-aminopyridine and 4-hidroxybenzaldehyde (559mg)

$$NH_2$$
 +  $NH_2$  +  $NH_2$  +  $NH_2$  +  $NH_2$  OH  $NH_2$  3

Scheme 1

in MeOH (10 mL),  $SiO_2$  (2.5g) was added. The solvent was evaporated to dryness and the resultant mixture was subjected to microwave irradiation in a domestic microwave oven for ten minutes (550W). The product was purified by silica gel chromatography, being eluted with  $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH$  (8:2). Compound 3 was obtained as a yellow solid (73%) with a m.p.= 246-8 °C

2) 1-[bis-(4-fluorophenyl)-methyl]-piperazine (6)(Scheme 2). To a stirred solution of

4 (480mg, 2 mmol) in DMSO (10 mL), piperazine 5 (860mg, 10 mmoles) and KI (100mg, 0.5 mmol) in the same solvent (10 mL) was added. Triethylamine (1.4ml, 10 mmol) was added dropwise and the mixture was refluxed for

48 hours. The reaction mixture is poured into saturated solution of NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and extracted with ether (3x50 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography, being eluted with hexane/ether (3:1) yielding the compound 6 like a white solid (86%) with a m.p = 90-1°C (Lit. 90-93 °C; S. Gubert, M. Brasó, A. Sacristan, J. Ortiz; *Arzneim. Forsh.* 1987,, 37(II), 1103)

- 3) 2-(4-[Bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-ethanol (7)(Scheme 3). To a stirred solution of  $\bf 6$  (200mg, 0.69mmol) in acetonitrile (5mL),  $K_2CO_3$  (143mg, 1.03 mmol) was added. Afterwards, 2-bromoethanol (94.9mg, 0.76 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was refluxed for 23 hours. The inorganic precipitate was filtered off and the solvent evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography, being eluted with ethyl acetate/methanol (4:1) yielding the compound 7 (72%) as a yellow oil.
- 4) 1-[Bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-4-(2-chloroethyl)-piperazine (9)(Scheme 3). The compound 7 (3.44g, 10.35 mmol) in thionyl chloride (3.69g, 31.05 mmol) was refluxed for 1/2 hour. The reaction mixture was made basic with NaOH (10%) and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography, being eluted with ethyl acetate to afford 9 (85%) as an oil.
- 5) 4-[5-(2-{4-[Bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenol (11) (Scheme 4). Equivalent amounts (8.63 mmol) of compound 3 (1.82g) and compound 9 (3.03g) were dissolved in DMF (90 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 19 hours. The organic solvent was evaporated to dryness. Purification of the reaction mixture by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/methanol 4:1) yielded compound 11 in 44% yield as a yellow solid with a m. p.= 176-7°C.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>36</sub> H <sub>37</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	76.17	6.57	4.93
Found	76.34	6.37	4.71

6) 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl 2, 2-dimethylpropionate.(12)(Scheme 4). The compound 11 (1.28g, 2.4 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (50 ml). The solution was heated at 60 °C and NaOH (0.18g, 4.5 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred a few minutes and afterwards pivaloyl chloride (0.54g, 4.5 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was refluxed for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was poured in water and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The combined organic phases were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography (ethyl acetate/methanol 4:1). The compound 12 was isolated as hydrochloride (76%) with a m.p. = 204-6 °C.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>31</sub> H <sub>29</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OF <sub>2</sub>			
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated	77.00	6.04	5.79
Found	76.84	6.32	5.71

#### Example 55

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl ester (14).

### [0113]

1) 3-(4-[Bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-propan-1-ol (8)(Scheme 3). To a stirred solution of  $\bf 6$  (9.59g, 33.25 mmol) in acetonitrile (300 mL),  $K_2CO_3$  (6.43 g, 46.55 mmol) was added. Afterwards 3-bromopropanol (5.09g, 36.6 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was refluxed for 15 hours. The inorganic precipitate was filtered and the organic solvent was evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography, being eluted with ethyl acetate/methanol (4:1) yielding the compound 8 (72%) as an oil.

2) 1-[Bis-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-(3-chloropropyl)piperazine (10)(Scheme 3). The compound 8 (8.27g, 24 mmol) in thionyl chloride (5.71g, 72 mmol) was refluxed for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was made basic with NaOH (10%) and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography, being eluted with ethyl acetate to afford 10 (49 %) as an oil.

3) 4-[5-(3-{4-[Bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenol (3) (Scheme 5). The compound 3 (1.8g, 8.52 mmol) and compound 10 (3.87g, 7.17 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (80 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 19 hours. The organic solvent was evaporated to dryness. Purification of the reaction mixture by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/methanol 4:1) yielded compound 13 in 43% yield as a yellow solid with a m. p.: 240-3 °C.

$\underline{\textbf{Quantitative Analysis}} : \textbf{Calculated for } \textbf{C}_{32}\textbf{H}_{31}\textbf{N}_2\textbf{OF}_2$			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	77.24	6.28	5.63
Found	77.34	6.17	5.84

4) 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c] pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl ester (14). The compound 13 (1.63g, 3.02 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (50 ml). The solution was heated at 60°C and NaOH (0.36g, 9.06 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred a few minutes and afterwards pivaloyl chloride (1.09g, 9.06 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was refluxed for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was poured in water and extracted with  $CH_2CI_2$ . The combined organic phases were dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ , filtered and evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography,  $(CI_2CH_2/methanol\ 9:0.5)$ . The compound 14 was isolated as hydrochloride. (54 %) with a m. p.= 199-201 °C.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C <sub>37</sub> H <sub>39</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	76.39	6.76	4.82
Found	76.34	6.87	4.64

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1-H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2,3-bis-(2,2-dimethyl-propionyloxy)-phenyl ester

#### [0114]

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H<sub>3</sub>C CH<sub>3</sub>

O CH<sub>3</sub>

CH<sub>3</sub>

CH<sub>3</sub>

CH<sub>3</sub>

CH<sub>3</sub>

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Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 8.71 g (0.036 mol) of 2-(2,3,4-trihydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2CI_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 17.28 g (0.144 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes, and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After that, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 172-4°C (recrystallized in methanol) with a yield of 70%.

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Quantitative Anal	ysis: Calcula	ated for C <sub>28</sub>	H <sub>34</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub> .
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated	68.00	6.93	5.66
Found	68.35	6.80	5.82

### Pharmacological and toxicological tests:

[0115] The pharmacological activity of the compounds of formula (I) according to the invention have been verified through the following biological tests, for some of said compounds.

The method employed was based on that described by Bieth, J., Spiess, B. and Wermuth, C.G. (1974), Biochem. Med. 11; 350-357 with some modifications.

The hydrolytic activity of HLE (Sigma, Deisenhofen, Germany) on the peptide substrate MeO-Suc-Ala-Ala-Pro-Val-p-nitroanilide (Sigma) was measured in 96-well F-botton microliter plates. The assay buffer used consisted of 50mM Tris-HCI (pH 8) with 50mM NaCl and 0.01% Brij 35.

The enzyme (0.2 U/ml;  $50\mu$ l) was preincubated for 15 min at mom temperature in the presence of test compounds or vehicle (DMSO) in a total volume of 100  $\mu$ l.

The reaction was started by addition of 50  $\mu$ l substrate (0.5mM) and formation of p-nitroanilid was monitored by detection at 406 nm for 10 min.

Percent inhibition of enzyme activity was calculated in comparison to the corresponding vehicle control and the results obtained are mentioned in the following Table.

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Table

 Exemple n°
 IC50 IN M

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 5.90E-08

 21
 6.00E-08

 15
 6.90E-08

Table (continued)

Exemple n°	IC50 IN M
13	8.80 <sup>E</sup> -08
20	1.00 <sup>E</sup> -07
42	1.35 <sup>E</sup> -07
41	1.82 <sup>E</sup> -07
46	2.37 <sup>E</sup> -07
17	2.90 <sup>E</sup> -07
1	3.06 <sup>E</sup> -07
18	3.3 <sup>E</sup> -7
5	3.83 <sup>E</sup> -7
45	4.74 <sup>E</sup> -7
10	4.86 <sup>E</sup> -7
48	6.09 <sup>E</sup> -7
50	6.1 <sup>E</sup> -7
52	6.25 <sup>E</sup> -7
40	6.78 <sup>E</sup> -7
9	6.82 <sup>E</sup> -7
56	7.08 <sup>E</sup> -7
35	1.26 <sup>E</sup> -6
43	1.66 <sup>E</sup> -6
22	1.7 <sup>E</sup> -5
27	1.52 <sup>E</sup> -5

[0116] Regarding the toxicity it is stated that the most active compounds of formula (I) according to the invention present a low per oral toxicity with LD<sub>50</sub> more than 500 mg/kg in mice.

### Claims

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1. Esters of 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid having the general formula (I):

or a pharmacological acceptable salt thereof, where

x and x' represent a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group in C1-C4, an halogen atom or a group nitro; y and y' represent a hydrogen atom, a group alkyl in C1-C4, a group alkoxy in C1-C4, an halogen atom or a

group dialkyl(C1-C4)amino;

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z represents a hydrogen atom, a dialkyl(C1-C4)aminoalkyl(C1-C4) group or a piperidinyl-alkyl(C1-C4) group; and

v and w represent a carbon atom bound to a hydrogen atom (CH) or a nitrogen atom substituted or not.

- 2. Compounds of formula (I) according to claim 1, where
  - x and/or x' represent the group methyl or nitro, or a chlorine atom;
  - y and/or y' represent the group methyl, methoxy, nitro or diethylamino, or a chlorine, a bromine or a fluorine atom: and
    - z represents a group dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diisopropylaminoethyl or piperidinyl-ethyl.
- 3. Compounds of formula (I) according to claim 1, where v or w represents a nitrogen atom substituted by a group methyl, ethyl, benzyl, piperidinyl-ethyl, piperidinyl-propyl, bis(fluorophenyl)methyl-piperazinyl-ethyl or bis(fluorophenyl) methyl-piperazinyl-propyl.
- 4. The following compounds of formula (I) according to claim 1,

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2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester
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              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-ethoxy-phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2,6-dimethoxy-phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-chloro-phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzoimidazol-2-yl)-2-nitro-phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-nitro-6-methoxy-phenyl ester
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              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-chloro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-chloro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-methyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-methyl-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
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              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxyphenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-nitro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-nitro-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-2-nitrophenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester.
              2.2-Dimethylpropionic acid 2-bromo-4-[1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol2-yl]phenyl ester
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              2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1 -(2-dimethylaminopropyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester, dihydrogen
              oxalate
              2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-diisopropylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester.
              2.2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5,6-dichloro-1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl) 1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester
              2.2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5,6-dimethyl-3-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester
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              2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 2-fluoro-4-[1-(2-piperidin-1-yl ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
              2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester
              2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5-chloro-phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4,6-dichloro-phenyl ester
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              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(-5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5-diethylaminophenyl ester
              2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenvl ester
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              2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-diethylaminophenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester
              2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methyl-phenyl ester
              2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 5-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester
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2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-phenyl ester 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-nitro-phenyl ester 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5.6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

		2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
		2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-nitro-phenyl ester
		2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
		2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
5		2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
		2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
		2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
		2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
10		2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
10		2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-methyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester. 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-ethyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester, hydrogen oxalate
		2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-benzyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester
		2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-benzyi-si-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yr)priethyl ester
		2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(2-piperidin-1-yl propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c] pyridin-2-dihydrogen oxalate yl]
15		phenyl ester
		2, 2-dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]
		pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl-ester
		2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-propyl)-5H-imidazo
		[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl ester
20		2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-[(1-H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2,2-dimethyl-propionyloxy]phenyl ester
	5.	Esters of 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid having the general formula (I) according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically
		acceptable salt thereof, as having an inhibitory activity of elastase.
25	6.	Pharmaceutical compositions containing at least one ester of 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid of formula (I) according
		to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
	_	
	7.	Pharmaceutical compositions according to claim 6, in which the quantity of ester of formula (I) is such that the dose level to be administered is comprised between 0,001 and 10 mg/kg.
30		dose level to be administered is comprised between 0,001 and 10 mg/kg.
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<i>E E</i>		
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# **EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT**

Application Number EP 00 10 4916

		PERED TO BE RELEVANT indication, where appropriate.	Relevant	CLASSIFICATION OF THE		
Category	of relevant pas		to claim	APPLICATION (Int.CI.7)		
Α	WO 94 01455 A (ZENE 20 January 1994 (19 * the whole documen	94-01-20)	1-7	C07D235/12 C07D471/04 A61K31/4184 A61K31/4188 //(C07D471/04, 235:00,221:00)		
D,A	EP 0 347 168 A (ONC 20 December 1989 (1 * the whole documer	D PHARMACEUTICAL CO) 1989-12-20) 1t *	1-7			
A	US 5 612 360 A (BO) 18 March 1997 (1997 * the whole documen	′ <del>-</del> 03-18)	1-7			
E	WO 00 12089 A (HUNG TIMOTHY J (US); BIL 9 March 2000 (2000- see especially defi		1-7			
				TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.7)		
				C07D A61K		
<u> </u>	The present search report has	been drawn up for all claims	-			
	Place of search	Date of completion of the search	1 1	Examiner		
MUNICH		17 July 2000	Scr	uton-Evans, I		
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS  X: particularly relevant if taker alone Y: particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A: technological background O: non-written disclosure P: intermediate document		E : earlier patent do after the filing da her Cournent cited L : document cited f	T: theory or principle underlying the Invention E: earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filling date D: document cited in the application L: document ded for other reasons 8: member of the same patent family, corresponding document			

EPO FORM 1503 03.82 (P04C01)

# ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

EP 00 10 4916

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

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